### DEPARTMENT OF MATH AND SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: Engg.Chemistry

Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

### NAME OF FACULTY: Rajakrushna Nayak

Semester From date:

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Theory / Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	1. <b>Atomic structure :</b> Fundamental particles ( electron, proton & neutron Definition, mass and charge ).Rutherford's Atomic model ( postulates and failure), Atomic mass and mass number, Definition, examples and properties of Isotopes, isobars and isotones. Bohr's Atomic model ( Postulates only), Bohr-Bury scheme, Aufbau's principle, Hund's rule, Electronic configuration (up to atomic no 30).
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. <b>Chemical Bonding :</b> Definition , types ( Electrovalent, Covalent and Coordinate
2 <sup>nd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. bond with examples ( formation of NaCl, MgCl <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> ,Cl <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub> , NH <sub>3</sub> , NH <sub>4+</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> )
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. Acid base theory : Concept of Arrhenius, Lowry Bronsted and Lewis theory for acid and base with examples (Postulates and limitations only)
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	<ol> <li>Neutralization of acid &amp; base.</li> <li>Definition of Salt, Types of salts (Normal, acidic, basic, double, complex and mixed salts, definitions with 2 examples from each).</li> </ol>
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ul> <li>6. Solutions : Definitions of atomic weight, molecular weight, Equivalent weight.</li> <li>Determination of equivalent weight of Acid, Base and Salt.</li> </ul>
4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	7. Modes of expression of the concentrations (Molarity, Normality & Molality) with Simple Problems. pH of solution (definition with simple numericals) Importance of pH in industry (sugar, textile, paper industries only)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	8. Electrochemistry : Definition and types (Strong & weak) of Electrolytes with example. Electrolysis (Principle & process) with example of NaCl (fused and aqueous solution).
5 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	9. Faraday's 1st and 2nd law of Electrolysis (Statement, mathematical expression and Simple numerical) Industrial application of Electrolysis-Electroplating (Zinc only).

	$2^{nd}$	10. Corrosion: Definition of Corrosion, Types of Corrosion- Atmospheric
		Corrosion
		11. Waterline corrosion. Mechanism of rusting of Iron only. Protection from
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Corrosion by (i) Alloving
		and (ii) Galvanization.
$6^{\text{th}}$	$2^{nd}$	12. Metallurgy: Definition of Mineral, ores, gangue with example.
_		Distinction between
		Ores And Minerals
	1 st	13. General methods of extraction of metals,
	150	
	$2^{nd}$	14.
		i) Ore Dressing
7 <sup>th</sup>		ii) Concentration (Gravity separation, magnetic separation, Froth
		floatation &
		leaching)
		III) Oxidation (Calcinations, Roasting)
		v) Refining of the metal (Electro refining & Distillation only)
		15 Allovs: Definition of allov. Types of allovs (Ferro Non Ferro &
	1 st	Amalgam) with
$8^{\text{th}}$	1	example. Composition and uses of Brass, Bronze, Alnico, Duralumin
0	2 <sup>nd</sup>	16. Hvdrocarbons : Saturated and Unsaturated Hvdrocarbons ( Definition
	2	with example)
		17. Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons (Huckle's rule only). Difference
	1 <sup>st</sup>	between Aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
$9^{\text{th}}$		18. IUPAC system of nomenclature of Alkane, Alkene, Alkyne, alkyl halide
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	and alcohol (up to 6
		carbons ) with bond line notation.
		19. Uses of some common aromatic compounds (Benzene, Toluene,
th	$1^{st}$	BHC, Phenol, Naphthalene,
		Antinacene and Benzoic acid) in daily life.
10 <sup>m</sup>	$2^{nd}$	20. Water Treatment : Sources of water, Soft water, Hard water,
		hardness, types of Hardness (temporary or carbonate and permanent or
		non-carbonate),
		21. Removal of naroness by
	$1^{st}$	advantages)
		auvaniages)
11 <sup>th</sup>	$2^{\rm nd}$	22 Advantages of Hot
	2	lime over cold lime process
		Organic lon exchange method (principle, process, and regeneration of
		exhausted resins)
		23 Lubricants: Definition of lubricant, Types ( solid, liquid and semisolid
	1 st	with
1 oth	-	
12 <sup>m</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	24 examples only) and specific uses of lubricants (Graphite, Oils
		Grease). Purpose of lubrication

13 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	25. <b>Fuel</b> : Definition and classification of fuel, Definition of calorific value of fuel, Choice of good fuel.
	214	26. Liquid: Diesel, Petrol, and Kerosene Composition and uses. Gaseous: Producer gas and Water gas (Composition and uses). Elementary idea about LPG, CNG and coal gas (Composition and uses only).
14 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	27. <b>Polymer</b> : Definition of Monomer, Polymer, Homo-polymer, Co-polymer and Degree of polymerization. Difference between Thermosetting and Thermoplastic, Composition and uses of Polythene, & Poly-Vinyl Chloride and Bakelite.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ul><li>28. Definition of Elastomer (Rubber). Natural Rubber (it's draw backs).</li><li>Vulcanisation of Rubber.</li><li>Advantages of Vulcanised rubber over raw rubber.</li></ul>
15 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	29. <b>Chemicals in Agriculture:</b> Pesticides: Insecticides, herbicides, fungicides- Examples and uses.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	30. Bio Fertilizers: Definition, examples and uses.

# DEPARTMENT OF MATH AND SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: ENGG. Engineering Chemistry Lab Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: Rajakrushna Nayak

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date:

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Theory / Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	1. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties CO2 gas.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties CO2 gas.
2 <sup>nd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties CO2 gas.
_	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties NH3 gas.
ard	1 <sup>st</sup>	5. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties NH <sub>3</sub> gas.
3	2 <sup>nd</sup>	6. Preparation and study of physical and chemical properties NH3 gas.
	1 <sup>st</sup>	7. Crystallization of Copper sulphate from copper carbonate
4"	2 <sup>nd</sup>	8. Crystallization of Copper sulphate from copper carbonate
5 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	9. Crystallization of Copper sulphate from copper carbonate
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ul><li>10. Simple acid-base titrations</li><li>(i) Acidimetry</li><li>(ii) Alkalimetry</li></ul>
6 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	<ul><li>11. Simple acid-base titrations</li><li>(i) Acidimetry</li><li>(ii) Alkalimetry</li></ul>
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	12. Simple acid-base titrations (i) Acidimetry (ii) Alkalimetry
7 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ol> <li>Tests for acid radicals (Known):         <ul> <li>(i) Carbonate,</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tests for acid radicals (Known):             <ul> <li>(ii) Sulphide</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	15. Tests for acid radicals (Known): (iii) Chloride,
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	16. Tests for acid radicals (Known): (iv) Nitrate
		17. Tests for acid radicals (Known):
	1 <sup>st</sup>	(v) Sulphate.
$9^{\text{th}}$	and	18. Tests for acid radicals (Known):
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	(I) Carbonate,
		19. Tests for acid radicals (Known):
	$1^{st}$	(II) Sulphide,
10 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	20 Tests for acid radicals (Known):
		(III) Chioride,
	1 <sup>st</sup>	21. Tests for acid radicals (Known):
11 <sup>th</sup>	2nd	(IV) Nitrate
		(v) Sulphate.
	1 <sup>st</sup>	23. Test for unknown Acid radicals
12 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	24. Test for unknown Acid radicals
		25. Test for unknown Acid radicals
	$1^{st}$	
13 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
		26. Test for unknown basic radicals
	1 <sup>st</sup>	27 Test for unknown basic radicals
14 <sup>th</sup>		
	$2^{nd}$	28. Test for unknown basic radicals
15 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	29. Test for unknown salt (composed of one basic radical and one acid radical)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	30. Test for unknown salt (composed of one basic radical and one acid radical)

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATH & SCIENCE ENGINEERING, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: Communicative English

Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: SANGITA MUDULI

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date:

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	1. Listening Skills(1)
		1. Listening Skills(2)
and	1 <sup>st</sup>	2. Speaking Skill
2	2""	2. Speaking Skill
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. Personality Development
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ul><li>3. Personality Development</li><li>4. Interpersonal Skills</li></ul>
4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. Interpersonal Skills
5 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
		REVISON
6 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	1. Listening Skills
		1. Listening Skills
$7^{\rm th}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	2. Speaking Skill
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. Speaking Skill

8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. Personality Development
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3. Personality Development
	1 <sup>st</sup>	4. Interpersonal Skills
9 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. Interpersonal Skills
	1 <sup>st</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
10 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
	1 <sup>st</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
11 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. Interpersonal Skills
	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. Personality Development Initiation Physical Appearance
12 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ul> <li>Audience Purpose</li> <li>2. Speaking Skill <ul> <li>Reading aloud of dialogues, texts, poems, speeches focusing on intonation.</li> <li>Self-introduction</li> <li>Role plays on any two-situations.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Telephonic Conversations</li> </ul>
1.2 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup>	1. Listening Skills The student should be able to listen to s text read aloud in normal speed with focus on intonation. After listening the student can fill-in-blanks, choose a suitable title, make a summary, supply required information and be able to answer comprehension questions from the passage read aloud.
13		1. Listening Skills The student should be able to listen to s text read aloud in normal speed with focus on intonation. After listening the student can fill-in-blanks, choose a suitable title, make a summary, supply required information and be able to answer comprehension questions from the passage read aloud.
14 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	<ul> <li>2. Speaking Skill</li> <li>Reading aloud of dialogues, texts, poems, speeches focusing on intonation.</li> <li>Self-introduction</li> <li>Role plays on any two-situations.</li> <li>Telephonic Conversations</li> </ul>

	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3. Personality Development
		Initiation
		Physical Appearance
		Audience Purpose
		4. Interpersonal Skills
15 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Appropriate use of non-verbal skills in face to face communication
		[i.e.Viva-Voce, group
		-interviews, GDs and seminars.]
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	5. Presenting in GD, Seminars and Conferences.
		Leadership Quality
		Time Management
		Achieving the target,

### DEPARTMENT OF MATH & SCIENCE ENGINEERING, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: Communicative English

Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: SANGITA MUDULI

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ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date:

Т

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Theory Topics
		1 I luit 1 literature arene sisting
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	A reading comprehension
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. Unit-1 literature appreciation
		A reading comprehension
	1 <sup>st</sup>	B.Text standing up your self BY YEVGENY YEVTUSHENKO
$2^{nd}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
		B.Text standing up your self BY YEVGENY YEVTUSHENKO
- nd	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. The Magic of teamwork BY SAM PITRODA
314	2 <sup>nd</sup>	The Magic of teamwork BY SAM PITRODA
th	1 <sup>st</sup>	4. Inchcape Rock BY Robert southey
4 <sup>ui</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Inchcape Rock BY Robert southey
	1 <sup>st</sup>	TO my true friend BY Elizabeth pinard
$5^{\text{th}}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	TO my true friend BY Elizabeth pinard
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Unit 2 use of synonyms ,antonyms
6 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Articles and Determiners
		Modal verbs
7 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Wiodai veros
/	$2^{nd}$	Tenses,
8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Voice change

	$2^{nd}$	Subject verb agreement
	1 <sup>st</sup>	A paragraph writing , meaning
9 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Features of paragraph writing
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Notice
10 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	agenda
	1 <sup>st</sup>	D.Report writing
11 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Writing personal letter
_	$1^{st}$	Writing business letters
12 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Unit $v$ – elements of communication , meaning of communication
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Communication of model, process of communication
13 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Professional communication , types of professional communication
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Formal communication, informal communication
14 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Meaning of non verbal communication
15 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Different areas of non verbal communication
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Language of signs and symbols

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATH & SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: ENGG. MATH II

Periods: 6 per week SEMESTER: 2<sup>nd</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: Sk. S. Ali

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date:

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Theory / Practical Topics
		1) VECTOR ALGEBRA
	$1^{st}$	a) Introduction
1 et		
150	$2^{nd}$	b) Types of vectors (null vector, parallel vector, collinear vectors)
		(in component form )
	2rd	a) Representation of vector
	5	c) Representation of vector
	1 <sup>st</sup>	d) Magnitude and direction of vectors
	$2^{nd}$	a) Addition and subtraction of vectors
2 <sup>nd</sup>		e) Addition and subtraction of vectors
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	
		f) Position vector
	1 st	g) Scalar product of two vectors
	150	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	$2^{nd}$	h) Geometrical meaning of dot product
	ard	
	3"	I) Angle between two vectors
	d of	j) Scalar and vector projection of two vectors
	150	
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	k) Vector product and geometrical meaning
4 <sup>th</sup>		(Area of triangle and parallelogram)
	ord	
	314	2) LIMITS AND CONTINUITY
		a) Deminion of function, based on set theory
		b) Types of functions
	4.04	i) Constant function
_th	$1^{st}$	ii) Identity function
5 <sup>m</sup>		III) Absolute value function
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	iv)The Greatest integer function
	_	

	3 <sup>rd</sup>	v) Trigonometric function
	1 <sup>st</sup>	vi) Exponential function
6 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	vii) Logarithmic function
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	c) Introduction of limit
	1 <sup>st</sup>	d) Existence of limit
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	e) Methods of evaluation of limit
7 <sup>th</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	i) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x^{n}-a^{n}}{x-a} = na^{n-1}$ ii) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{a^{x}-1}{x} = \log_{e} a$ iii) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{x}-1}{x} = 1$ iv) $\lim_{x\to 0} (1+x)^{1/x} = e$ v) $\lim_{x\to \infty} (1+\frac{1}{x})^{x} = e$ vi) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\log(1+x)}{x} = 1$ vii) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$ viii) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = 1$ f) Definition of continuity of a function at a point and problems based on it
	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>3) DERIVATIVES</b> a) Derivative of a function at a point
8 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	b) Algebra of derivative
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	c) Derivative of standard functions
		d) Derivative of composite function (Chain Rule)
	1 <sup>st</sup>	
9 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	e) Methods of differentiation of i) Parametric function
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	ii) Implicit function
10 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	iii) Logarithmic function

	2 <sup>nd</sup>	iv) a function with respect to another function
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	f) Applications of Derivative
	-	
	1 <sup>st</sup>	i) Successive Differentiation (up to second order)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	ii) Partial Differentiation (function of two variables up to second order)
11 <sup>th</sup>		
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	g) Problems based on above
	1 <sup>st</sup>	a) Definition of integration as inverse of differentiation
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Definition of integration as inverse of differentiation
$12^{th}$	2	
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	b) Integrals of standard functions
		, .
	1 St	
	and	c) Methods of integration
	2"	
13 <sup>th</sup>		i) Integration by substitution
		ii) Integration by parts
		d) Integration of the following forms
		i) $\int \frac{ax}{x^2 + a^2}$ ii) $\int \frac{ax}{x^2 - a^2}$ iii) $\int \frac{ax}{a^2 - x^2}$ iv) $\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$ v) $\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}$ vi) $\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$
		$\text{vii}) \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}  \text{viii}) \int \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}  dx \text{ ix}) \int \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}  dx \text{ x}) \int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}  dx$
		Definite integral, properties of definite integrals
1⊿ <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	i) $\int_0^a f(x)  dx = \int_0^a f(a-x)  dx$
14		ii) $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = -\int_{b}^{a} f(x) dx$
		iii) $\int_{a}^{c} f(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx + \int_{b}^{c} f(x) dx$ , $a < b < c$
		iv) $\int_{-a}^{a} f(x) dx = 0$ , if $f(x) = \text{odd}$
		$= 2\int_0^a f(x)  dx, \text{if } f(x) = even$

	2 <sup>nd</sup>	ii) Area of a circle with centre at origin
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	f) Application of integration
	1 <sup>st</sup>	i) Area enclosed by a curve and X – axis
15 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	5) DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION a) Order and degree of a differential equation
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	b) Solution of differential equation i) 1st order and 1st degree equation by the method of separation of variables

# DEPARTMENT OF MATH & SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR

SUBJECT: ENGG. MATH I

Periods: 6 per week SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: Sk. S. Ali

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date: To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	<b>Theory / Practical Topics</b>
	1 <sup>st</sup>	INTRODUCTION CLASS
1st	2 <sup>nd</sup>	1) MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS
		2) Types of matrices
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	a)Types of matrices
	1 <sup>st</sup>	b)Algebra of matrices
$2^{nd}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3) Algebra of matrices
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4) Determinant
	1 <sup>st</sup>	c)Determinant
3 <sup>rd</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	d) Properties of determinant
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	5) Properties of determinant
		6) Inverse of a matrix (second and third order)
	1 <sup>st</sup>	(Question should be on second order matrix)
$4^{\text{th}}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	e) Inverse of a matrix (second and third order)
		(Question should be on second order matrix)
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	f) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables)
~th	1 <sup>st</sup>	7) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables)
5"	2 <sup>nd</sup>	g) Cramer's Rule (Question should be on two variables)

	3 <sup>rd</sup>	h) Solution of simultaneous equations by matrix inverse method
		(Question should be on two variables)
		i) Solution of simultaneous equations by matrix inverse method
	1 <sup>st</sup>	(Question should be on two variables)
	Ĩ	
$6^{th}$	$2^{nd}$	2) TRIGONOMETRY
		a) Trigonometrically ratios
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	<ul> <li>b) Compound angles, multiple and sub-multiple angles (only formulae)</li> </ul>
	$1^{st}$	c) Define inverse circular functions and its properties (no derivation)
7 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3) CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY IN TWO DIMENSIONS (Straight line) a) Introduction of geometry in two dimension
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	b) Distance formulae, division formulae, area of a triangle (only formulae no derivation)
	$1^{st}$	<ul> <li>c) Define slope of a line, angle between two lines (only F), condition of perpendicularity and parallelism.</li> </ul>
8 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	d) Different forms of straight lines (only formulae)
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	i) One point form
		ii) two point form
	$1^{st}$	
9 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	iii) slope form
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	iv) intercept form
		v) Perpendicular form
	$1^{st}$	
10 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	e) Equation of a line passing through a point and

	3 <sup>rd</sup>	i) parallel to a line
	-	
	1 st	ii) Perpendicular to a line
	1*	
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	f) Equation of a line passing through the intersection of two lines
11 <sup>th</sup>	2	
11		
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	g) Distance of a point from a line
		4) CIRCLE
	$1^{st}$	a) Equation of a circle
	_	i) center radius form
$12^{\text{th}}$	$2^{nd}$	ii) general equation of a circle
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	iii) end point of diameter form
	a st	5) CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY IN THREE DIMENSIONS
	1 <sup>st</sup>	a) Distance formulae, section formulae, direction ratio
	$2^{nd}$	
	2	b) direction cosine angle between two lines
13 <sup>th</sup>		b) direction cosine, angle between two lines
		c) (condition of parallelism and perpendicularity)
	1 st	a) Equation of a plane
	1	point from a plane, equation of a plane passing through a point and
		point nom a plane, equation of a plane passing through a point and
	$2^{nd}$	e) parallel to a plane
1 4th	2	c) paraller to a plane
14		
	3 <sup>rd</sup>	f) perpendicular to a plane
		a) Equation of a sphere
	$1^{st}$	i) center radius form
15 <sup>th</sup>	$2^{nd}$	ii) general form
	-	, generation
	ard	iii) two and points of a diamater form (ank) formulas and problems)
	514	ing two end points of a diameter form (only formulae and problems)

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATH AND SCIENCE, ITT, CHOUDWAR

#### SUBJECT: ENGG. PHYSICS THEORY

Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>

NAME OF FACULTY: Pranabesh Bhanja

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bas: 4 per week

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

Semester From date:

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To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Theory / Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	1.Unit And Dimensions, Physical quantities - (Definition), Definition of fundamental and derived units, systems of units (FPS, CGS, MKS and SI units)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. Definition of dimension and Dimensional formulae of physical quantities, Dimensional equations
	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. Principle of homogeneity, Checking the dimensional correctness of Physical relations.
2 <sup>nd</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4.Scalar and Vector quantities (definition and concept), Representation of a Vector – examples, types of vectors.
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	5.Triangle and Parallelogram law of vector Addition (Statement only), Simple Numerical
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	6.Resolution of Vectors – Simple Numericals on Horizontal and Vertical components, Vector multiplication (scalar product and vector product of vectors)
4 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	7. Concept of Rest and Motion, Displacement, Speed, Velocity, Acceleration & FORCE (Definition, formula, dimension & SI units)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	8. Equations of Motion under Gravity (upward and downward motion) - no derivation
5 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	9. Circular motion: Angular displacement, Angular velocity and Angular acceleration(definition, formula & SI units),Relation between –(i) Linear & Angular velocity, (ii) Linear & Angular acceleration)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	10. Define Projectile, Examples of Projectile
6 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	11. Expression for Equation of Trajectory, Time of Flight, Maximum Height and Horizontal Range for a projectile fired at an angle, Condition for maximum Horizontal Range
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	12. Work – Definition, Formula & SI units, Friction – Definition & Concept, Types of friction (static, dynamic)
<b>7</b> th	1 <sup>st</sup>	13. Limiting Friction (Definition with Concept),Laws of Limiting Friction (Only statement, No Experimental Verification)
T	2 <sup>nd</sup>	14. Coefficient of Friction – Definition & Formula, Simple Numericals,Methods to reduce friction

		15. Newton's Laws of Gravitation – Statement and Explanation, Universal
8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	Gravitational Constant (G)- Definition, Unit and Dimension
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	16. Acceleration due to gravity (g)- Definition and Concept,Definition of mass
		and weight, Relation between g and G
	1 st	17. Variation of g with altitude and depth (No derivation – Only Explanation) Kenler's Laws of Planetary Motion (Statement only)
9 <sup>th</sup>	1	Explanation, explor s Laws of Flanciary Wotton (Statement only).
		18. Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) - Definition & Examples.Expression
	$2^{nd}$	(Formula/Equation) for displacement
		19. Velocity, acceleration of a body/ particle in SHM. Wave motion –
	1 st	Definition & Concept, Transverse and Longitudinal wave motion –
	1	Definition, Examples & Comparison
1 oth	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
10		20. Definition of different wave parameters (Amplitude, wavelength,
		Frequency, Time Period, Derivation of Relation between Velocity,
		Frequency and Wavelength of a wave, Ultrasonics – Definition,
		Properties & Applications.
		21. Heat and Temperature – Definition & Difference, Units of Heat (FPS,
	1 st	simple numerical) Change of state (concept, definition, unit, dimension and
	1	definition, unit, dimension and simple numerical)
11 <sup>th</sup>	,	
	$2^{nd}$	22. Thermal Expansion – Definition & Concept, Expansion of Solids
		Solids – Definition & Units, Relation between $\alpha$ , $\beta$ & $\Upsilon$ . Work and Heat -
		Concept & Relation, Joule's Mechanical Equivalent of Heat (Definition,
		Unit),First Law of Thermodynamics (Statement and concept only)
		23. Reflection & Refraction – Definition, Laws of reflection and refraction
	d St	(Statement only),Retractive index – Definition, Formula &Simple
	150	Definition & Explanation, Refraction through Prism (Ray Diagram &
		Formula only – NO derivation), Fiber Optics – Definition, Properties
12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>2</b> nd	& Applications
	2	Coulombs laws Definition of Unit charge Absolute & Relative
		Permittivity $(\varepsilon)$ – Definition Relation & Unit Electrostatics – Definition &
		Concept Statement & Explanation of Coulombs laws. Definition of Unit
		charge Absolute & Relative Permittivity (s) - Definition Relation & Unit
		25 Electric potential and Electric Dotential difference (Definition, Formula & St
	1 <sup>st</sup>	Units),Electric field, Electric field intensity (E) – Definition, Formula &
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Unit, Capacitance - Definition, Formula & Unit, Series and Parallel combination of
13 <sup>th</sup>	~	Capacitors (No derivation, Formula for effective/Combined/total capacitance & Simple numericals).
		26. Magnet, Properties of a magnet, Coulomb's Laws in Magnetism – Statement
		& Explanation, Unit Pole (Definition), Magnetic field, Magnetic Field intensity

		(H), (Definition, Formula & SI Unit), Magnetic lines of force (Definition and
		Properties), Magnetic Flux ( $\Phi$ ) & Magnetic Flux Density (B) – Definition,
		Formula & Unit
		27.Electric Current - Definition, Formula & SI Units, Ohm's law and its
		applications, Series and Parallel combination of resistors (No derivation, Formula
	$1^{st}$	for effective/Combined/ total resistance & Simple numericals), Kirchhoff's laws
		(Statement & Explanation with diagram), Application of Kirchhoff's laws to
1 / th		Wheatstone bridge - Balanced condition of Wheatstone's Bridge - Condition of
14		Balance (Equation).
	$2^{nd}$	28.Electromagnetism – Definition & Concept,Force acting on a current
		carrying conductor placed in a uniform, magnetic field, Fleming's Left
		Hand Rule
		29. Faraday's Laws of Electromagnetic Induction (Statement only), Lenz's Law
	$1^{st}$	(Statement), Fleming's Right Hand Rule, Comparison between Fleming's Right
		Hand Rule and Fleming's Left Hand Rule.
$15^{\text{th}}$	$2^{nd}$	30. LASER & laser beam (Concept and Definition), Principle of LASER
		(Population Inversion & Optical Pumping), Properties & Applications of
		LASER, Wireless Transmission – Ground Waves, Sky Waves, Space
		Waves( Concept & Definition)

#### DEPARTMENT OF MATH AND SCIENCE , ITT, CHOUDWAR

#### SUBJECT: ENGG. PHYSICS PRACTICAL

Periods: 4 per week

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>

ACADEMIC YEAR.2020-2021

#### NAME OF FACULTY: Pranabesh Bhanja

Semester From date:

Γ

To Date:

No. of weeks: 15

Week	Class Day	Practical Topics
1st	1 <sup>st</sup>	1. To find the cross sectional area of a wire using a screw gauge.
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2. To find volume of a solid cylinder using a Vernier Calipers(2)
and	1 <sup>st</sup>	3. To find the thickness and volume of a glass piece using a screw gauge.
2 <sup>nd</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4. To find the thickness and volume of a glass piece using a screw gauge(2)
ard	1 <sup>st</sup>	5. To find volume of a solid cylinder using a Vernier Calipers.
3	2 <sup>nd</sup>	6. To find volume of a solid cylinder using a Vernier Calipers.
th	1 <sup>st</sup>	7. To find volume of a solid cylinder using a Vernier Calipers.
4 <sup>m</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	8. To find volume of a solid cylinder using a Vernier Calipers.
<b>c</b> th	1 <sup>st</sup>	9. To determine the radius of curvature of convex surface using a Spherometer(1).
5	2 <sup>nd</sup>	10. To determine the radius of curvature of convex surface using a Spherometer(2).
∠th	1 <sup>st</sup>	11. To determine the radius of curvature of convex surface using a Spherometer(3).
0	2 <sup>nd</sup>	12. To determine the radius of curvature of concave surface using a Spherometer(1).
7th	1 <sup>st</sup>	13. To determine the radius of curvature of concave surface using a Spherometer(2).
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	14. To determine the radius of curvature of concave surface using a Spherometer(3).
8 <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	15. To find the time period of a simple pendulum and determine acceleration due to gravity(1).

	2 <sup>nd</sup>	16. To find the time period of a simple pendulum and determine
		17 To determine the angle of Prism(1)
	1 <sup>st</sup>	
- 41-	1	
9 <sup>m</sup>		18. To determine the angle of Prism(2)
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	To. To determine the angle of Phsm(2).
		19. To determine the angle of Minimum Deviation by I ~ D curve
	$1^{st}$	method(1).
t oth		
10 <sup>m</sup>	$2^{nd}$	20. To determine the angle of Minimum Deviation by $L \sim D$ curve
		method(2).
		21. To determine the angle of Minimum Deviation by $I \sim D$ curve
	$1^{st}$	method(3).
11 <sup>th</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
	_	22. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
		North and locate the neutral points(1)
	1 st	23. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
	1	North and locate the neutral points(2)
$12^{\text{th}}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	24. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
		North and locate the neutral points(3)
		25. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
	1 <sup>st</sup>	South and locate the neutral points(1).
1.2th	and	
13	Ζ.	26. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
		South and locate the neutral points(2).
	1 <sup>st</sup>	27. To trace lines of force due to a bar magnet with North pole pointing
		South and locate the neutral points(3).
$14^{\text{th}}$	2 <sup>nd</sup>	28 To verify Ohm's Law by Ammeter – Voltmeter method(1)
	-	
		29. To verify Obm's Law by Ammeter - Voltmeter method(2)
	1 <sup>st</sup>	29. To verify Onit's Law by Annieler – volumeler method(2).
1.5 <sup>th</sup>	-	
15	2 <sup>nd</sup>	30. To verify Ohm's Law by Ammeter – Voltmeter method(3).